Section I - Contract Clauses

52.216-7 ALLOWABLE COST AND PAYMENT (AUG 2018)

(a) Invoicing.

(1) The Government will make payments to the Contractor when requested as work progresses, but (except for small business concerns) not more often than once every 2 weeks, in amounts determined to be allowable by the Contracting Officer in accordance with Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) subpart 31.2 in effect on the date of this contract and the terms of this contract. The Contractor may submit to an authorized representative of the Contracting Officer, in such form and reasonable detail as the representative may require, an invoice or voucher supported by a statement of the claimed allowable cost for performing this contract.

(2) Contract financing payments are not subject to the interest penalty provisions of the Prompt Payment Act. Interim payments made prior to the final payment under the contract are contract financing payments, except interim payments if this contract contains Alternate I to the clause at 52.232-25.

(3) The designated payment office will make interim payments for contract financing on the 30th day after the designated billing office receives a proper payment request. In the event that the Government requires an audit or other review of a specific payment request to ensure compliance with the terms and conditions of the contract, the designated payment office is not compelled to make payment by the specified due date.

(b) Reimbursing costs.

(1) For the purpose of reimbursing allowable costs (except as provided in paragraph (b)(2) of this clause, with respect to pension, deferred profit sharing, and employee stock ownership plan contributions), the term "costs" includes only—

(i) Those recorded costs that, at the time of the request for reimbursement, the Contractor has paid by cash, check, or other form of actual payment for items or services purchased directly for the contract;

(ii) When the Contractor is not delinquent in paying costs of contract performance in the ordinary course of business, costs incurred, but not necessarily paid, for-

(A) Supplies and services purchased directly for the contract and associated financing payments to subcontractors, provided payments determined due will be made—

(1) In accordance with the terms and conditions of a subcontract or invoice; and

(2) Ordinarily within 30 days of the submission of the Contractor's payment request to the Government;

(B) Materials issued from the Contractor's inventory and placed in the production process for use on the contract;

(C) Direct labor;
(D) Direct travel;

(E) Other direct in-house costs; and

(F) Properly allocable and allowable indirect costs, as shown in the records maintained by
the Contractor for purposes of obtaining reimbursement under Government contracts; and

(iii) The amount of financing payments that have been paid by cash, check, or other forms of
payment to subcontractors.

(2) Accrued costs of Contractor contributions under employee pension plans shall be excluded
until actually paid unless-

(i) The Contractor’s practice is to make contributions to the retirement fund quarterly or more
frequently; and

(ii) The contribution does not remain unpaid 30 days after the end of the applicable quarter or
shorter payment period (any contribution remaining unpaid shall be excluded from the
Contractor’s indirect costs for payment purposes).

(3) Notwithstanding the audit and adjustment of invoices or vouchers under paragraph (g) of this
clause, allowable indirect costs under this contract shall be obtained by applying indirect cost rates
established in accordance with paragraph (d) of this clause.

(4) Any statements in specifications or other documents incorporated in this contract by reference
designating performance of services or furnishing of materials at the Contractor’s expense or at no
cost to the Government shall be disregarded for purposes of cost-reimbursement under this clause.

(c) Small business concerns. A small business concern may receive more frequent payments than
every 2 weeks.

(d) Final indirect cost rates. (1) Final annual indirect cost rates and the appropriate bases shall be
established in accordance with subpart 42.7 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) in effect for
the period covered by the indirect cost rate proposal.

(2) (i) The Contractor shall submit an adequate final indirect cost rate proposal to the Contracting
Officer (or cognizant Federal agency official) and auditor within the 6-month period following the
expiration of each of its fiscal years. Reasonable extensions, for exceptional circumstances only,
may be requested in writing by the Contractor and granted in writing by the Contracting Officer.
The Contractor shall support its proposal with adequate supporting data.

(ii) The proposed rates shall be based on the Contractor’s actual cost experience for that period.
The appropriate Government representative and the Contractor shall establish the final indirect
cost rates as promptly as practical after receipt of the Contractor’s proposal.

(iii) An adequate indirect cost rate proposal shall include the following data unless otherwise
specified by the cognizant Federal agency official:
(A) Summary of all claimed indirect expense rates, including pool, base, and calculated indirect rate.

(B) General and Administrative expenses (final indirect cost pool). Schedule of claimed expenses by element of cost as identified in accounting records (Chart of Accounts).

(C) Overhead expenses (final indirect cost pool). Schedule of claimed expenses by element of cost as identified in accounting records (Chart of Accounts) for each final indirect cost pool.

(D) Occupancy expenses (intermediate indirect cost pool). Schedule of claimed expenses by element of cost as identified in accounting records (Chart of Accounts) and expense reallocation to final indirect cost pools.

(E) Claimed allocation bases, by element of cost, used to distribute indirect costs.

(F) Facilities capital cost of money factors computation.

(G) Reconciliation of books of account (i.e., General Ledger) and claimed direct costs by major cost element.

(H) Schedule of direct costs by contract and subcontract and indirect expense applied at claimed rates, as well as a subsidiary schedule of Government participation percentages in each of the allocation base amounts.

(I) Schedule of cumulative direct and indirect costs claimed and billed by contract and subcontract.

(J) Subcontract information. Listing of subcontracts awarded to companies for which the contractor is the prime or upper-tier contractor (include prime and subcontract numbers; subcontract value and award type; amount claimed during the fiscal year; and the subcontractor name, address, and point of contact information).

(K) Summary of each time-and-materials and labor-hour contract information, including labor categories, labor rates, hours, and amounts; direct materials; other direct costs; and, indirect expense applied at claimed rates.

(L) Reconciliation of total payroll per IRS form 941 to total labor costs distribution.

(M) Listing of decisions/agreements/approvals and description of accounting/organizational changes.

(N) Certificate of final indirect costs (see 52.242-4, Certification of Final Indirect Costs).
(O) Contract closing information for contracts physically completed in this fiscal year (include contract number, period of performance, contract ceiling amounts, contract fee computations, level of effort, and indicate if the contract is ready to close).

(iv) The following supplemental information is not required to determine if a proposal is adequate, but may be required during the audit process:

(A) Comparative analysis of indirect expense pools detailed by account to prior fiscal year and budgetary data.


(C) Identification of prime contracts under which the contractor performs as a subcontractor.

(D) Description of accounting system (excludes contractors required to submit a CAS Disclosure Statement or contractors where the description of the accounting system has not changed from the previous year's submission).

(E) Procedures for identifying and excluding unallowable costs from the costs claimed and billed (excludes contractors where the procedures have not changed from the previous year's submission).

(F) Certified financial statements and other financial data (e.g., trial balance, compilation, review, etc.).

(G) Management letter from outside CPAs concerning any internal control weaknesses.

(H) Actions that have been and/or will be implemented to correct the weaknesses described in the management letter from subparagraph (G) of this section.

(I) List of all internal audit reports issued since the last disclosure of internal audit reports to the Government.

(J) Annual internal audit plan of scheduled audits to be performed in the fiscal year when the final indirect cost rate submission is made.

(K) Federal and State income tax returns.

(L) Securities and Exchange Commission 10-K annual report.

(M) Minutes from board of directors meetings.
(N) Listing of delay claims and termination claims submitted which contain costs relating to the subject fiscal year.

(O) Contract briefings, which generally include a synopsis of all pertinent contract provisions, such as: contract type, contract amount, product or service(s) to be provided, contract performance period, rate ceilings, advance approval requirements, pre-contract cost allowability limitations, and billing limitations.

(v) The Contractor shall update the billings on all contracts to reflect the final settled rates and update the schedule of cumulative direct and indirect costs claimed and billed, as required in paragraph (d)(2)(iii)(I) of this section, within 60 days after settlement of final indirect cost rates.

(3) The Contractor and the appropriate Government representative shall execute a written understanding setting forth the final indirect cost rates. The understanding shall specify (i) the agreed-upon final annual indirect cost rates, (ii) the bases to which the rates apply, (iii) the periods for which the rates apply, (iv) any specific indirect cost items treated as direct costs in the settlement, and (v) the affected contract and/or subcontract, identifying any with advance agreements or special terms and the applicable rates. The understanding shall not change any monetary ceiling, contract obligation, or specific cost allowance or disallowance provided for in this contract. The understanding is incorporated into this contract upon execution.

(4) Failure by the parties to agree on a final annual indirect cost rate shall be a dispute within the meaning of the Disputes clause.

(5) Within 120 days (or longer period if approved in writing by the Contracting Officer) after settlement of the final annual indirect cost rates for all years of a physically complete contract, the Contractor shall submit a completion invoice or voucher to reflect the settled amounts and rates. The completion invoice or voucher shall include settled subcontract amounts and rates. The prime contractor is responsible for settling subcontractor amounts and rates included in the completion invoice or voucher and providing status of subcontractor audits to the contracting officer upon request.

(6) (i) If the Contractor fails to submit a completion invoice or voucher within the time specified in paragraph (d)(5) of this clause, the Contracting Officer may-
   (A) Determine the amounts due to the Contractor under the contract; and

   (B) Record this determination in a unilateral modification to the contract.

   (ii) This determination constitutes the final decision of the Contracting Officer in accordance with the Disputes clause.

(e) Billing rates. Until final annual indirect cost rates are established for any period, the Government shall reimburse the Contractor at billing rates established by the Contracting Officer or by an
authorized representative (the cognizant auditor), subject to adjustment when the final rates are
established. These billing rates-

(1) Shall be the anticipated final rates; and

(2) May be prospectively or retroactively revised by mutual agreement, at either party’s request, to
prevent substantial overpayment or underpayment.

(f) Quick-closeout procedures. Quick-closeout procedures are applicable when the conditions in FAR 42.708(a) are satisfied.

(g) Audit. At any time or times before final payment, the Contracting Officer may have the Contractor’s
invoices or vouchers and statements of cost audited. Any payment may be-

(1) Reduced by amounts found by the Contracting Officer not to constitute allowable costs; or

(2) Adjusted for prior overpayments or underpayments.

(h) Final payment. (1) Upon approval of a completion invoice or voucher submitted by the Contractor
in accordance with paragraph (d)(5) of this clause, and upon the Contractor’s compliance with all
terms of this contract, the Government shall promptly pay any balance of allowable costs and that
part of the fee (if any) not previously paid.

(2) The Contractor shall pay to the Government any refunds, rebates, credits, or other amounts
(including interest, if any) accruing to or received by the Contractor or any assignee under this
contract, to the extent that those amounts are properly allocable to costs for which the Contractor has
been reimbursed by the Government. Reasonable expenses incurred by the Contractor for securing
refunds, rebates, credits, or other amounts shall be allowable costs if approved by the Contracting
Officer. Before final payment under this contract, the Contractor and each assignee whose assignment
is in effect at the time of final payment shall execute and deliver-

(i) An assignment to the Government, in form and substance satisfactory to the Contracting
Officer, of refunds, rebates, credits, or other amounts (including interest, if any) properly
allocable to costs for which the Contractor has been reimbursed by the Government under this
contract; and

(ii) A release discharging the Government, its officers, agents, and employees from all liabilities,
obligations, and claims arising out of or under this contract, except-

(A) Specified claims stated in exact amounts, or in estimated amounts when the exact
amounts are not known;

(B) Claims (including reasonable incidental expenses) based upon liabilities of the
Contractor to third parties arising out of the performance of this contract; provided, that the
claims are not known to the Contractor on the date of the execution of the release, and that
the Contractor gives notice of the claims in writing to the Contracting Officer within 6 years
following the release date or notice of final payment date, whichever is earlier; and
(C) Claims for reimbursement of costs, including reasonable incidental expenses, incurred by the Contractor under the patent clauses of this contract, excluding, however, any expenses arising from the Contractor's indemnification of the Government against patent liability.

(End of clause)

52.222-42 STATEMENT OF EQUIVALENT RATES FOR FEDERAL HIRES. (MAY 2014)

In compliance with the Service Contract Labor Standards statute and the regulations of the Secretary of Labor (29 CFR part 4), this clause identifies the classes of service employees expected to be employed under the Contract and states the wages and fringe benefits payable to each if they were employed by the contracting agency subject to the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 5341 or 5332.

This Statement is for Information Only: It Is Not A Wage Determination

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Employee Class</th>
<th>Monetary Wage</th>
<th>Fringe Benefits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SPO</td>
<td>$28.13</td>
<td>Health and Welfare, sick leave consistent with the SCA wage determination. Long term disability and a 401K employer match are also provided</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPO Supervisor</td>
<td>$30.13</td>
<td>Health and Welfare, sick leave consistent with the SCA wage determination. Long term disability and a 401K employer match are also provided</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liaison (not in existing Contract)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PFM</td>
<td>To be proposed by Offeror</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Administrative Support (not in existing Contract)</td>
<td>$26.31</td>
<td>Health and Welfare, sick leave consistent with the SCA wage determination. Long term disability and a 401K employer match are also provided</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(End of clause)

52.222-43 FAIRLABOR STANDARDS ACT AND SERVICE CONTRACT LABOR STANDARDS-PRICE ADJUSTMENT (MULTIPLE YEAR AND OPTION CONTRACTS) (AUG 2018)

52.232-7 PAYMENTS UNDER TIME-AND MATERIALS AND LABOR-HOUR CONTRACTS. (AUG 2012)

52.232-22 LIMITATION OF FUNDS (APR 1984)

52.232-39 UENFORCEABILITY OF UNAUTHORIZED OBLIGATIONS (JUNE 2013)

52.233-2 SERVICE OF PROTEST (SEP 2006)

52.233-3 PROTEST AFTER AWARD ALTERNATE 1 (AUG1996)
52.243-3 CHANGES TIME AND MATERIAL AND LABOR HOUR ALTERNATE 1 (SEP 2000)
52.244-6 SUBCONTRACTS FOR COMMERCIAL ITEMS (NOV 2020)
52.245-1 GOVERNMENT PROPERTY. (JAN 2017)
52.245-9 USE AND CHARGES. (APR 2012)
52.246-6 INSPECTION TIME AND MATERIAL AND LABOR HOUR (MAY 2001)
52.251-2 INTERAGENCY FLEET MANAGEMENT SYSTEM VEHICLES AND RELATED SERVICES. (JAN 1991)

952.202-1 DEFINITIONS.
952.203-70 WHISTLEBLOWER PROTECTION FOR CONTRACTOR EMPLOYEES. (DEC 2000)
952.204-2 SECURITY REQUIREMENTS. (AUG 2016)
952.204-70 CLASSIFICATION/DECLASSIFICATION (SEP 1997)
952.204-71 SENSITIVE FOREIGN NATIONS CONTROL (MAR 2011)
952.204-73 FACILITY CLEARANCE. (AUG 2016)
952.204-75 PUBLIC AFFAIRS. (DEC 2000)
952.204-77 COMPUTER SECURITY. (AUG 2006)
952.208-70 PRINTING. (APR 1984)
952.223-78 SUSTAINABLE ACQUISITION PROGRAM. (OCT 2010)
952.226-71 UTILATION OF ENERGY POLIC ACT TARGET ENTITIES (JUNE 1996)
952.226-72 ENERGY POLICY ACT SUBCONTRACTING GOALS AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS (JUNE 1996)
952.226-73 ENERGY POLICY ACT TARGET GROUP CERTIFICATION (SEP 1997)
952.226-74 DISPLACED EMPLOYEE HIRING PREFERENCE. (JUNE 1997)
952.233-2 SERVICE OF PROTEST
952.233-4 NOTICE OF PROTEST FILE AVAILABILITY (AUG 2009)
952.237-70 COLLECTIVE BARGAINING AGREEMENTS PROTECTIVE SERVICES. (AUG 1993)
952.242-70 TECHNICAL DIRECTION. (DEC 2000)
952.245-2 GOVERNMENT PROPERTY (fixed-price contracts)
(a) Definition. Service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern—

(1) Means a small business concern—

(i) Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans; and

(ii) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of a service-disabled veteran with permanent and severe disability, the spouse or permanent caregiver of such veteran.

(2) Service-disabled veteran means a veteran, as defined in 38 U.S.C. 101(2), with a disability that is service-connected, as defined in 38 U.S.C. 101(16).

(b) Applicability. This clause applies only to—

(1) Contracts that have been set aside for service-disabled veteran-owned small business concerns;

(2) Part or parts of a multiple-award contract that have been set aside for service-disabled veteran-owned small business concerns;

(3) Orders set aside for service-disabled veteran-owned small business concerns under multiple-award contracts as described in 8.405-5 and 16.505(b)(2)(i)(F); and

(4) Orders issued directly to service-disabled veteran-owned small business concerns under multiple-award contracts as described in 19.504(c)(1)(ii).

(c) General.
(1) Offers are solicited only from service-disabled veteran-owned small business concerns. Offers received from concerns that are not service-disabled veteran-owned small business concerns shall not be considered.

(2) Any award resulting from this solicitation will be made to a service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern.

(d) Joint Venture. A joint venture may be considered a service-disabled veteran owned small business if—

(1) At least one member of the joint venture is a service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern, and makes the following representations:

   (i) That it is a service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern, and

   (ii) That it is a small business concern under the North American Industry Classification Systems (NAICS) code assigned to the procurement;

(2) Each other concern is small under the size standard corresponding to the NAICS code assigned to the procurement;

(3) The joint venture meets the requirements of 13 CFR 121.103(h); and

(4) The joint venture meets the requirements of 13 CFR 125.15(b).

(End of clause)