SECTION A. INTEC – Portable Restroom Trailer Installation and Operation

SECTION B. Project Description

Purchase, install and operate a portable restroom trailer unit located within the Idaho Nuclear Technology and Engineering Center (INTEC) Facility. The purpose of the portable restroom trailer is to provide additional sanitary facilities for Waste Management operations, due to additional sanitary needs of COVID 19.

The portable restroom trailer has 3-bathroom units, a 125-gallon freshwater tank and a 500-gallon septage waste holding tank. The trailer will be located northeast of TR-79, where the operators will be housed, which is a gravel area. The trailer is being procured from an outside vendor and will roughly be 6 feet wide by 16 feet long, in size.

Initially the 125-gallon freshwater tank will be filled from an INTEC water source via a hose. The water is not potable water and will only be used for flushing toilets. The use of the water in the portable restroom trailer would be deemed “non-potable water” and can only be used for flushing toilets. Hand sanitizer will be provided and sinks will be posted as follows.

*Water may only be used for flushing toilets. Water is not to be used for any personal hygiene including washing hands, washing dishes, or human consumption.*

The 500-gallon septage tank will be pumped out by a permitted outside vendor once a week. Once the trailer can be hard piped into the systems, it will be tied into the closest junction on the northeast corner of TR-79 for potable water and sewer. Power will be provided by tying into the INTEC system at the electrical junction on the northeast corner of TR-79. The sink water faucets are metered.

Currently, there is no timeline on how long the portable restroom trailer will be used due to sanitary needs associated with COVID 19.

SECTION C. Environmental Aspects / Potential Sources of Impact

**Air Pollutants** - Petroleum-fueled mobile and portable equipment will be used to support project activities. Nonroad engines are not stationary sources and are subject to permitting, but if they remain in the same location and perform the same function longer than 1 year from start-up, they are considered stationary sources and are therefore subject to Air Permitting Analysis Determination analysis for determining potential permitting requirements. Mobile equipment are exempted as mobile internal combustion engines per IDAPA 58.01.01.222.02.e.

Water or applicable dust suppression materials/equipment will be used, as conditions warrant, to control fugitive dust emissions during excavation activities. If necessary, radiological emissions from disturbed, contaminated soils will be estimated and included in the annual NESHAP INL report for radionuclides.

**Asbestos Emissions** – Performing connections to existing water and sewer lines could include equipment and components that contain asbestos-containing material, such as pipe insulation, gaskets, and flanges. If abatement of regulated asbestos containing material over the threshold quantities (160 square feet or 260 linear feet or 35 cubic feet) is planned, a renovation/demolition notification to the US Environmental Protection Agency is required at least 10 working days prior to commencement of any demolition or renovation operations.

**Radionuclide Release/Protection of the Public and the Environment** – The soil disturbance actions will be very minimal but could release radionuclides to the environment - the potential is very low. Releases would not exceed as low as reasonably achievable goals as the releases are far below applicable regulatory standards (e.g., NESHAPS) and satisfy the exemption criteria.
**Chemical Use and Storage** - Commercial chemical products will be used to support operation of the restroom trailer. Also, petroleum products will be used in the heavy equipment. Project personnel will use non-hazardous product alternatives or substitutes in place of hazardous chemical products as long as the non-hazardous alternative meets the performance requirement or specifications of the requester. Spill prevention/minimization measures will be applied to all aspects of storage and utilization of chemicals/fuels. Affirmative Procurement practices will be used in procuring chemicals and other materials as applicable.

**Contaminated Sites Disturbance** – Soil disturbances at INTEC require completion of a Notice of Soil Disturbance. Soil disturbance will be coordinated with appropriate personnel.

**Discharges to Wastewater Systems or Groundwater** – This project scope will generate septage wastewater. Initially an outside vendor will pump the 500-gallon septage holding tank once a week, but when the trailer is hard piped into INTEC sanitary systems, discharges will go directly into the sanitary waste system.

**Drinking Water Contamination** – Prior to the building being connected to the INTEC potable water system, water placed in the freshwater tank is not considered potable water and can only be used for flushing toilets. All plans and specifications associated with connecting the portable restroom trailer to the INTEC potable water system will be reviewed by the responsible charge operator, the system engineer, and system manager. If applicable, plans and specifications will be submitted to DEQ for review and approval. Cross connections between the drinking water system and any non-potable systems will be designed and controlled.

**Material or Waste Handling and Transportation** - Appropriate methods will be used to prevent leaks and spills during waste handling and transportation. All applicable waste will be diverted from disposal in the landfill where conditions allow. Project personnel will use every opportunity to recycle, reuse and recover materials and divert waste from the landfill when possible. The project will practice sustainable acquisition, as appropriate and practicable, by procuring construction materials that are energy efficient, water efficient, are bio-based in content, environmentally preferable, non-ozone depleting, have recycle content or are non-toxic or less toxic alternatives.

**Waste Generation and Management** - A hazardous waste determination will be performed for all waste streams to identify the appropriate management practices. Waste streams will be evaluated to determine if any of these materials can be recycled or reused and will be evaluated to implement actions for minimizing waste generation.

All applicable waste will be generated and managed through Waste Generator Services and will be disposed of at the INL Landfill Complex. Should **Low-level waste** be generated such as soil, it is anticipated to be disposed at the Idaho CERCLA Disposal Facility (ICDF).

**Interaction with Wildlife/Habitat** – If migratory bird nests with birds and/or eggs are discovered, cease work nearby, and notify the facility Project Environmental Lead.

**Managing Property and Materials** – Should trailers, equipment, or chemicals be excessed at the end of the project, all applicable procedures and processes will be followed including opportunities for reuse or recycling.

**Reuse and Recycling of Resources** – Backfill sources will be taken from existing borrow sources within the Idaho National Laboratory (INL). INL borrow sources must be coordinated through appropriate personnel.

**SECTION D. Determine the Level of Environmental Review (or Documentation) and Reference(s):** Identify the applicable categorical exclusion from 10 CFR 1021, Appendix B, give the appropriate justification, and the approval date.

Note: For Categorical Exclusions (CXs) the proposed action must not: 1) threaten a violation of applicable statutory, regulatory, or permit requirements for environmental, safety, and health, including requirements of DOE orders; 2) require siting and construction or major expansion of waste storage, disposal, recovery, or treatment facilities; 3) disturb
hazardous substances, pollutants, contaminants, or CERCLA-excluded petroleum and natural gas products that pre-exist in the environment such that there would be uncontrolled or unpermitted releases; 4) adversely affect environmentally sensitive resources. In addition, no extraordinary circumstances related to the proposal exist which would affect the significance of the action, and the action is not “connected” nor “related” (40 CFR 1508.25(a)(1) and (2), respectively) to other actions with potentially or cumulatively significant impacts.

References: B2.3, Personnel safety and health equipment

Justification: The portable restroom trailer will provide additional sanitary facilities for Waste Management operations, due to additional sanitary needs of COVID 19.

Is the project funded by the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Recovery Act)  □ Yes ☑ No

Approved by Jason Sturm, DOE-ID NEPA Compliance Officer on June 29, 2020.